Latest Advancements in Drilling Riser Analysis Technology

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Introduction

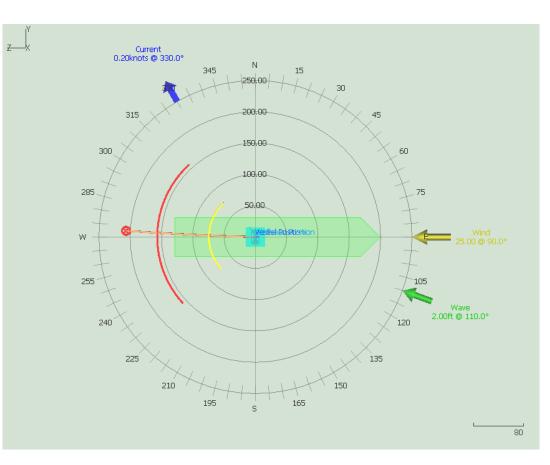
- State-of-the-art drift-off simulator for DP
 drilling rigs
- Integrated drilling riser disconnect and recoil analysis capability
- Detailed wellhead and conductor/casing modelling capability





Drift-off Simulator for DP Drilling Rigs

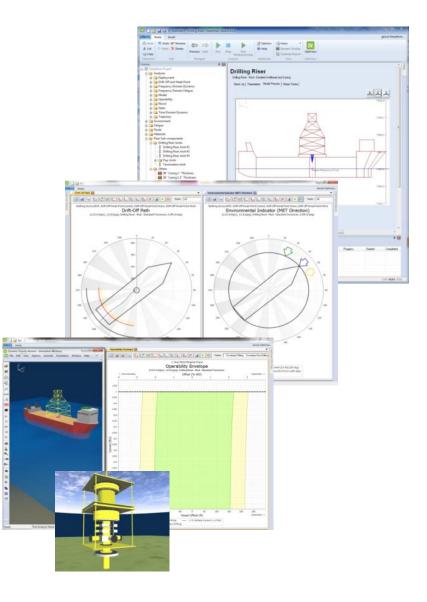
- DP Drilling Rigs use Watch Circles to ensure safe disconnect
- Various approaches exist for calculating watch circles:
 - Fixed Percentage of water depth
 - Perform simulations to predict vessel drift (uncoupled from riser)
 - Perform coupled simulations considering both vessel and riser
- Only "coupled' approach considers the effect of riser on vessel drift





Drift-off Simulator for DP Drilling Rigs

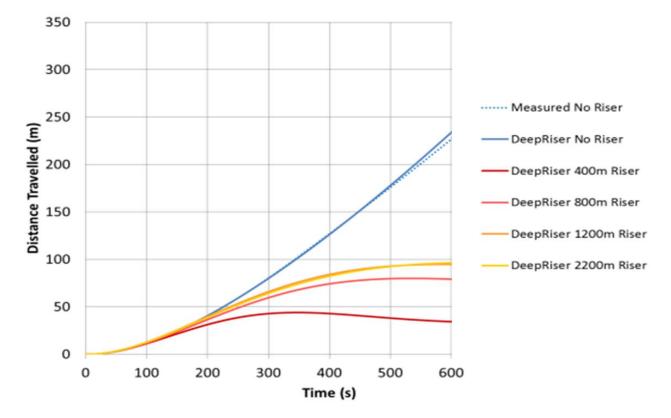
- The latest drilling riser analysis software calculates watch circle using a fully-coupled model
- Dynamic analysis is performed, calculating environmental forces acting on the vessel (and riser)
- System limits are monitored at each step of the simulation to determine the POD and watch circles



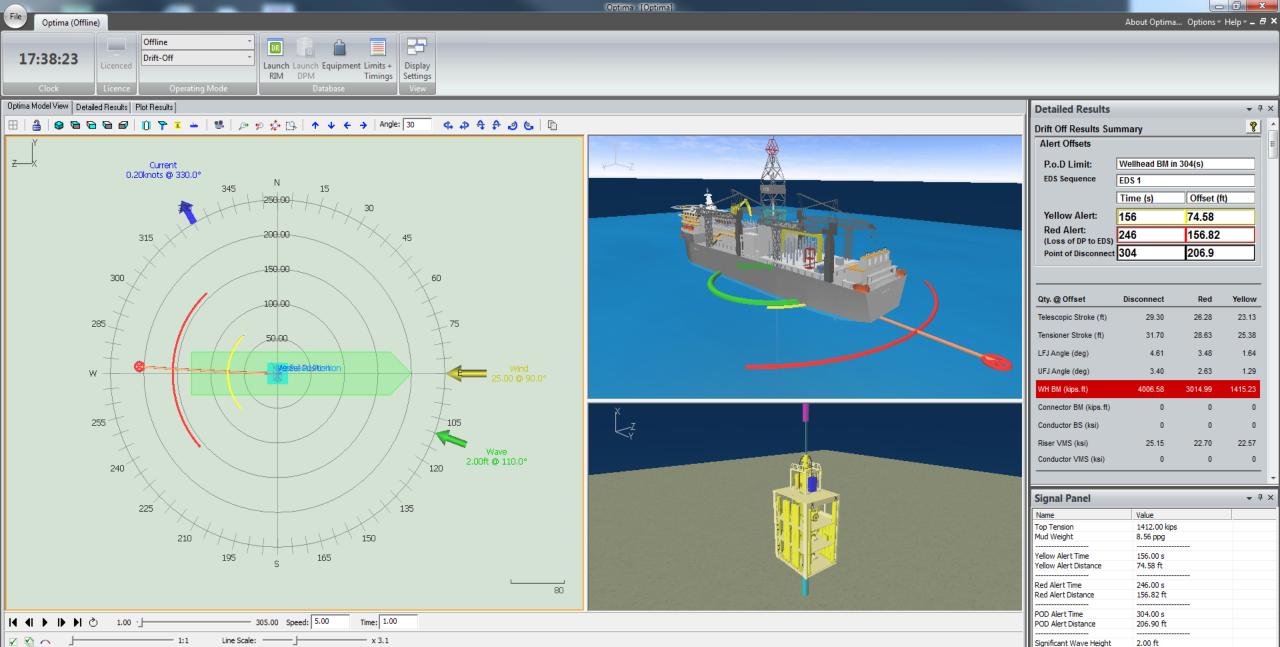


Drift-off Simulator for DP Drilling Rigs

- Advantages of fully-coupled approach:
 - Avoids potential for excessive conservatism
 - Substantially improves the economics of harsh-environment drilling
- Advantages of performing fully-coupled approach offshore, using real-time data:
 - Has lead to reduction in non-productive time and drilling costs (drillers have reported 30% increase in operability)
 - Has lead to successful drilling of shallow water wells, previously considered inoperable
 - Reported savings in excess of \$2.8M in rig day rate alone on a single well







Data Configuration

Vessel Setup Riser Setup

up Environment

Analysis

Drift-Off Analysis - Successfully Completed.

110.00 deg

0.20 knots

330.00 deg

Wave Direction

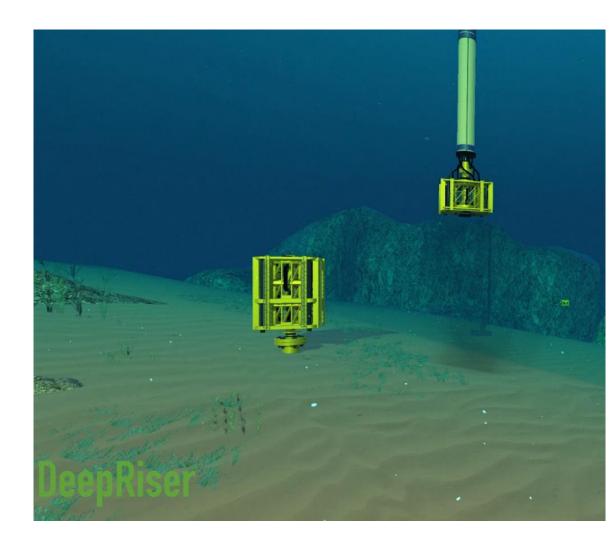
Surface Current Velocity

Surface Current Direction

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Riser Disconnect and Recoil

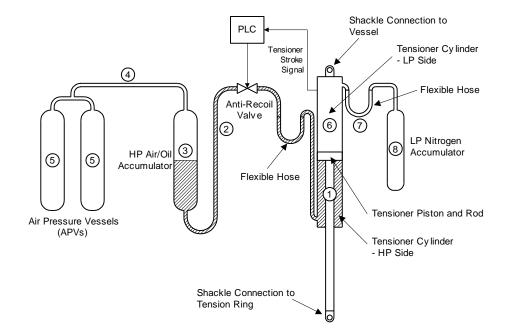
- When is it necessary to perform an emergency disconnect?
- Why perform simulations of an emergency disconnect scenario?
- Simulation of this scenario requires:
 - Detailed hydro-pneumatic model of riser tensioner system
 - Anti-recoil control system modelling
 - Drilling mud flow modelling

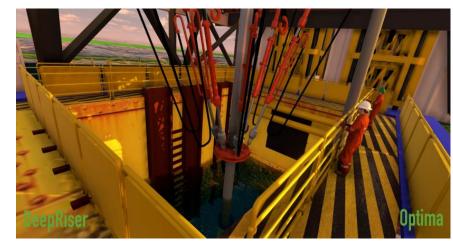




Riser Disconnect and Recoil

- Simplified approaches to tensioner modelling is not sufficient
- The latest drilling riser analysis software incorporates a detailed hydro-pneumatic model
- Mud column has a significant effect on the recoil response, imparting drag loading on the riser, counteracting upward movement
- The software integrates a finite volume (FV) mud flow model with the FE structural model of the riser





 P_{n+}, Q_{n+}

 P_{n}, Q_{n}

 $\underline{P}_n, \underline{Q}_n$



Riser Disconnect and Recoil

- Simulated tensioner responses have been validated against measured data, showing precise agreement
- The recoil response predicted by the software has been validated against
 - Published Data
 - Tensioner Manufacturers Data
 - Disconnect test

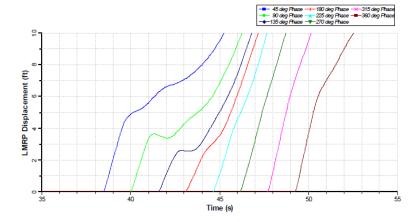


Figure 4. Validation Example – LMRP Displacement after Disconnect; Mud Weight = 10 ppg; Top Tension = 1800 kips; No Offset

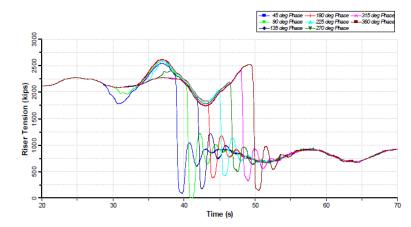
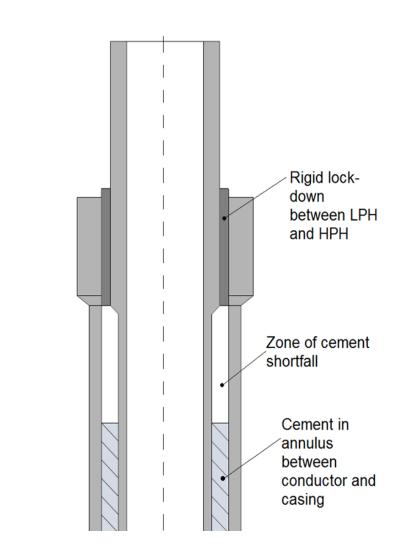


Figure 5. Validation Example – Tension Variation Caused by Riser Recoil; Mud Weight = 10 ppg; Top Tension = 1800 kips; With Offset



Detailed Wellhead and Conductor/Casing Modelling

- A well contains multiple intervals of casing, successively placed within the previous casing run
- Traditional modelling approaches not sufficient
- Recent developments within the offshore drilling industry have led to an increased focus on fatigue
- The latest drilling riser analysis software has been developed further to incorporate the latest modelling practices and analysis methodologies





Detailed Wellhead and Conductor/Casing Modelling

- The latest software incudes advanced modelling capabilities:
 - Pipe-in-Pipe
 - Drilled & Grouted vs. Jetted installation
 - Cement Shortfall
 - Fully bonded or sheared cement
 - Soil modelling
 - High Pressure and Low Pressure Wellhead Housing
 - Tapered sections

💴 🗋 📸 🚽 🦓 🕫 Example 1 - Drilling Riser * - DeepRiser Version 5.2.1.512		Dynamic Display Module v5.2 - [Animation Window]
File Home Insert Maintenance Optima	<u>A</u> bout DeepRiser	📴 File Edit View Options Animate Orientation Window Help 🗕 🔊
Paste Image: Constraint of the second seco		
Wellhead Detailed Wellhead		A. s
Model Type: Detailed		(9.92)
HPWH Stickup HPWHH + LPWHH		
Material = X80 Steel Length = 4.6 ft		
Length = 2.8 ft LPWHH - Do = 38 in	-	
Do = 30 in LPWHH - Di = 30 in Wellhead	HPWH	
(HPWH) Di = 18.75 in Weight in Air = 14 kips	Stickup =	
Weight in Air = 4.1 kips Weight in Water = 12.2 kips Low Pressure	1	
Weight in Water = 3.6 kips Housing	HPWHH +	
Weight of Hanger = 10 kips (LPWHH)	LPWHH	
Length of Hanger = DEFAULT		
Tapered Section [Upper LPWHH] Tapered Section [Lower LPWHH]		
Section Length = 0 ft Section Length = 0 ft		
External Diameter (Base) = External Diameter (Base) =		
External Diameter [Top] = External Diameter [Top] =		×
Wellhead - High Pressure Wellhead Housing Stickup		
✓ 🗶 X80 Steel 💌 🐚 🕰		
Material X80 Steel	+	
Length 2.8 ft External Diameter, Do [30 in	д 🖂	
o Generating Environmental Load Case For Load Case 1 Verify Unternal Diameter, Di 18.75 in Verify Unternal D		
o Generating Vessel Motion For Load Case 1 Weight in Water 3.6 kips Progress	Started Co	
o Generating Damping For Load Case 1 Weight of Hanger 10 kips Weilhea Completed	23/03/2018 15:18 23	
+ Creating Analysis Specification File		
Generation Successful		
O Errors, O Warnings		
For Help, press F1	CAP NUM SCRL	Ready Post Analysis Mode



Detailed Wellhead and Conductor/Casing Modelling

- Detailed wellhead, conductor and casing modelling bridges the gap between the older 'composite' models and local models
- The latest detailed global models deliver improved fatigue-life predictions
- Improved predictions are essential to demonstrating the feasibility of drilling, workover and plug-and abandonment operations





Conclusions

- As the oil and gas industry adjusts to a new market reality, it remains clear that development of offshore reserves will continue to play an important role in meeting the world's hydrocarbon energy demand
- As exploration moves into deepwater and harsh-environment locations, new digital technologies are playing an important role in ensuring this can be done in an economically-sustainable way
- Wood's DeepRiser tool is an example of one such technology that is helping to maximize the viability of drilling operations in some of the world's most challenging environments



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